Information Disclosure Based on the TCFD Recommendations

June 26, 2024 Sun Frontier Fudousan Co., Ltd.

Sun Frontier Fudousan Co., Ltd. ("the Company") established the "Sustainability Committee" on October 1, 2021, to more strongly promote activities of contributing to the resolution of social issues, the realization of a sustainable society, and aim to improve mid- to long-term corporate value corporate value based on its mission and corporate philosophy. On the "Sustainability Committee," the Company established the "Sustainability Vision," and sets forth specific measures and KPIs in response to each important issue and promotes sustainability management.

■ Sustainability Vision

We will contribute to the realization of a sustainable society through our business activities while respecting the heart of altruism, the company policy.

■ Important Sustainability Issues (Materiality)
Important issues that we should addressed to realize our Sustainability Vision
Environmental Protection, Regional Revitalization, and Human Resource Development

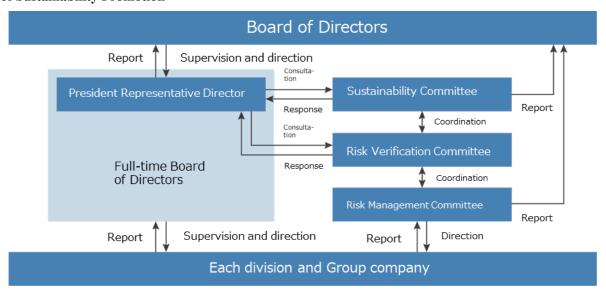
This document explains the items related to climate change and the environment among the Company's sustainability activities in accordance with the "Information Disclosure Recommended by the TCFD Recommendations." TCFD Recommendations recommends that information shall be disclosed in line with four disclosure elements of "governance," "strategy," "risk management," and "metrics and targets," to accurately understand how risks and opportunities associated with climate change affect corporate management including fiscal management. The Company will work to further expand information disclosure based on these four disclosure elements recommended by the TCFD Recommendations.

i. Governance

The Company recognizes addressing climate change and environmental issues as a critical management priority at our company. In coordination with Risk Verification Committee, Sustainability Committee compiles information of risks and opportunities associated with climate change, examines response measures, and makes periodic report to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors oversees the progress of initiatives related to climate change issues discussed and reported by executive departments, and discussed issues related to these initiatives at least once a year.

The President Representative Director receives reports on the status of initiatives related climate change from the advisory bodies, the Sustainability Committee, and the Risk Verification Committee, and assumes the highest responsibility for risk assessment and management including risks of climate change.

System of Sustainability Promotion



Meetings and Roles in the System of Sustainability Promotion

Organizations and committees	Roles	
Board of Directors	Receiving reports from the Sustainability Committee on the status of the risk management related to climate change and overseeing the progress of measures.	
President Representative Director	Receiving reports on the status of overall sustainability activities, including the one related to climate change, from the Sustainability Committee as an advisory body. Assuming the highest responsibility for risk assessment and management including risks of climate change.	
Risk Verification Committee	As an advisory body to the President Representative Director, discussing assessment of comprehensive risk, including climate change. Examining the risks reported by Risk Management Committee and instructing the business divisions to take measures through the Risk Management Committee.	
Risk Management Committee	Discusses comprehensive management and measures against risks in operations, including climate change. Meetings held once a month.	
Sustainability Committee	As an advisory body to the President Representative Director, promoting sustainability activities including climate change countermeasures. In coordination with the Risk Verification Committee and the Risk Management Committee, summarizing risks and opportunities related to climate change, etc. from each division and group company, considering measures shall be taken, and making periodic reports to the Board of Directors. Meetings held four times a year.	

ii. Strategy

Based on the TCFD recommendations, we analyzed scenario of risks and opportunities related to climate change. Through the scenario analysis, we defined 1.5°C and 4°C scenarios based on scientific evidence from IEA (International Energy Agency) and assessed the importance of risks and opportunities related to climate that might affect operations as of 2030.

Definition of Scenarios

Definition of Scenarios				
Scenario configuration	1.5°C scenario	4°C scenario		
World view	The Japanese government will promote	There will be no climate action by the government		
	severe measures against climate change,	beyond current measures and no climate change		
	including the introduction of a carbon tax,	action is required.		
	which will lead to drastic social changes, and	Abnormal weather such as droughts and floods		
	regulations on plastic and climate change-	due to rising temperatures will become apparent,		
	related information disclosure will be	sites will be damaged, and response costs and		
	required.	recovery costs at the time of the disaster are		
	Damage from natural disasters such as	expected.		
	flooding is limited.			
Reference scenario	IEA The Net-Zero Emissions by 2050	IEA World Energy Outlook 2021/ IEA World		
	Scenario (NZE) / IEA World Energy Outlook	Energy Outlook 2018/ IPCC AR6 SSP5-8.5		
	2021/ IEA World Energy Outlook 2018/ IPCC			
	AR6 SSP1-1.9			
Characteristics	Transition risks related to policies, etc. are	Physical risks associated with abnormal weather,		
	likely to become apparent.	etc. are likely to become apparent.		

Identification and assessment of risks and opportunities

We assessed the impact of transition and physical risks related to climate change on our Real Estate Revitalization Business, Real Estate Service Business, Hotel and Tourism Business. Regarding the transition risks, we considered a variety of items from policy and legal regulations to market changes such as acute risks and chronic risks for physical risks. We will respond to these risks and opportunities that judged as particularly significant impact on our company.

Scope : Real Estate Revitalization Business, Real Estate Service Business, Hotel and Tourism Business

Impact: High: Very significant impact (> 19% of net sales)

Medium: Significant (10-19% of net sales)
Small : Limited impact (<10% of net sales)

Term of risk occurrence: Short term : Within one year

Medium term : Within 1 to 5 years

Medium to long term : Within 5 to 10 years

Long term : Over 10 years

List of risks and opportunities

The list includes the risks and opportunities recognized by the Company whose impact on the business is "medium" or above.

Main	Sub-	Details of risks and opportunities	Impact on business and financial results		Timing of risk
category category			1.5°C	4°C	occurrence
Company-wio	le				
Transition risk	Reputation	Stakeholder Concerns about Passive ESG Responses	Medium	-	Medium to long term
Real Estate R	evitalization B	usiness			
Transition risk	Policy regulation	Additional capital investment costs due to increased energy efficiency standards to be met in repairs	Medium	-	Short term
Physical risk	Chronic	Increase in cost of air conditioning equipment and increase in energy cost at owned properties	Small	Medium	Medium term
Opportunity	Products and Services	Increase in selling price to property owners and building owners by improving the environmental performance of properties in redevelopment	Medium	Medium	Short term
Hotel and Tourism Business					
Transition risk	Policy regulation Policy regulation Increased trend toward trial construction of buildings with high environmental performance, shortages of materials with high environmental performance and rising labor costs due to the concentration of construction work		Medium	1	Medium term
Opportunity	Products and Services	Contribute to the local community by conserving and coexisting with nature in the area where the hotel is located, thereby improving the image of the hotel and increasing the number of guests	Medium	Medium	Medium term

Financial impact

The list includes the results of calculating the financial impact of the risks and opportunities recognized by the Company.

		Calculation method	Financial impact		
D'al /		*Base year is fiscal 2022.	2030 (billion yen)		Degree
Risk /	Business impact	*The impact in 2030 is calculated by			of
Opportunity		reflecting the CAGR (Compound Annual	1.5 ° C	4 ° C	influence
		Growth Rate)			
	Increased tax burden due	[Company-wide]			
Carbon tax	to large increase in	Company's CO2 emissions x	3.23	_	Small
	carbon tax	carbon price per unit of emissions			
		[Real Estate Revitalization]			
		Input cost of raw materials* x			
	Large increase in carbon	emission intensity of raw			
Carbon tax	tax leading to higher costs	materials x carbon price per	1.93	_	Small
Curbon tux	for raw materials with	emission	1.55		Siliali
	large unit emissions	*For cement and ready-mixed concrete with high emission intensity, the amount of input is calculated from the total floor area of properties sold in the base year using an LCA tool.			
		[Real Estate Revitalization]			
	Sales loss due to	(*Not calculated as the impact on rent income is	_	_	_
Sales losses	interruption of business	difficult to calculate)			
due to natural	activities because of	[Hotel Management]			
disasters	damage to a business site	Daily sales loss x maximum days of downtime* x damage ratio*	1.97	1.97	Small
Cisasters	caused by a natural disaster	*Determined by investigating the flood depth level at the time of the occurrence of a storm surge at the hotel	Probability of occurrence:1.4%	Probability of occurrence:2.8%	Siliali
	Occurrence of flood	[Real Estate Revitalization] (*Not calculated because the properties owned are located in Tokyo and the impact of storm surge is minimal.)	_	_	_
Flood damage	damage to owned real	[Hotel Management]			
due to sea	estate due to high tides	Repair cost by flood depth level			
level rise	and heavy rains caused by	due to sea level rise x amount of	0.62	0.62	G 11
	rising sea levels	real estate owned* *Determined by investigating the flood depth level at the time of the occurrence of a storm surge at the hotel (owned property).	Probability of occurrence:1.4%	Probability of occurrence:2.8%	Small
		[Real Estate Revitalization]			
Improvement	Improving the selling	Total floor area of BELS certified			
	price to the wealthy and	properties (*1) x difference in			
	building owners by	rent between BELS certified and			
of selling	improving the	ordinary properties (*2)	0.81	0.81	Small
prices of properties	environmental	(*1) Total floor area of BELS certified properties			
	performance of the property	in the base year (*2) Difference in unit price per tsubo between the BELS certified property in the base year and the Company's RP property in the vicinity as of March 31, 2024			

iii. Risk management

In order to establish a sustainability system, the Company has established the "Sustainability Committee" to respond to overall sustainability issues, including climate change issues, as well as regulations on company-wide risk management. For risks related to climate change, the Risk Verification Committee evaluates the risks reported by the Risk Management Committee. The identified and assessed risks are examined by the Sustainability Committee, and the business divisions and Group companies then respond to those risks. In addition, the Board of Directors receives a report from the Risk Management Committee on the status of and responses to comprehensive risk management, including climate change risks.



iv. Metrics and Targets

The Company calculates greenhouse gas emissions as an indicator for evaluating climate change-related risks and opportunities. In fiscal 2021 and 2022, Scope1 "Fuel use (CO2)", Scope2 "Use of electricity supplied by others (CO2)", and Scope3 "Other indirect emissions (CO2)" were included in the calculation. We will continue to monitor our greenhouse gas emissions in the future and will establish a system and set targets so that we can expand the scope of monitoring and reduce CO2 emissions in our activities.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

(Consolidated)

	Fiscal 2021 annual emissions (t-CO2e)	Fiscal 2022 annual emissions (t-CO2e)	Fiscal 2023 annual emissions (t-CO2e)
Scope1 *1	4,088.5	3,237.9	3,391.9
Scope2 *2	6,692.5	7,633.7	7,281.2
Scope3 *3	194,929.0	152,744.0	148,333.7

(Non-consolidated)

	Fiscal 2021 annual emissions (t-CO2e)	Fiscal 2022 annual emissions (t-CO2e)	Fiscal 2023 annual emissions (t-CO2e)
Scope1 *1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Scope2 *2	196.3	195.1	88.0
Scope3 *3	194,929.0	152,744.0	148,333.7

^{*1} Emissions from gas and gasoline use *2 Emissions from electricity use *3 Other indirect emissions

Calculation period: FY 2021 (April 2021 to March 2022), FY 2022 (April 2022 to March 2023), FY 2023 (April 2023 to March 2024)

To be disclosed: domestic and international consolidated subsidiaries (Scope1 and 2), Real Estate Revitalization Business (Scope3)

Calculation method: market-based

Emission factors used in Scope2: 2020 and 2021 emissions factor result for each electric utility

^{*}Calculation methods are based on location (calculated using the average emission intensity for Japan as a whole) and market (calculated using the emission intensity of each electric power company). We adopted the latter market-based method.,

Greenhouse gas emissions reduction target (compared to fiscal 2022)

	2030	2050	Fiscal 2023 Results	
Total of Scope 1	22% reduction	Carbon neutral	1.8% reduction	
and Scope 2	(annual reduction of 2.7%)	Carbon neutral		